VERBS!

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| **Characters** | **Pinyin** | **Meaning** | **Phrases** |
| 进 | Jin4 | To enter | 进来 to come in |
| 坐 | Zuo4 | To sit | 请坐 please sit |
| 喝 | He1 | To drink | 好喝 tasty |
| 要 | Yao4 | To want; to have a desire for | 想要 want to have |
| 给 | Gei3 | To give | 交给 to give/deliver |
| 玩 | Wan2 | To have fun; to play | 好玩 to have fun |
| 聊 | Liao2 | To chat | 聊天 to chat |
| 回 | Hui2 | To return | 回家 to go home |

**Sentences including the characters above:**

请进，请进！/ 请坐，请坐。/ 你们想喝点儿什么？/ 我要一杯可乐，可以吗？/ 那给我们没有可乐。/ 昨天晚上，王朋和李友去小高家玩儿。/ 他们一起聊天儿，看电视。/ 王朋和李友晚上十二点才回家。

**Grammar/Notes:**

-喝 (he1) isn’t always used in the same way as the English equivalent “to drink”. In English, the verb is often referred to drinking alcohol, otherwise knows as a transitive verb. Unless it’s clear from context it always takes an object.

**Summarization:**

All verbs generally used in a sentence with an S-V-O template (subject-verb-object). When in question form, the verb can be placed on both side of a negation word such as 没 or 不, known as an A-not-A question. All other question styles follow the normal sentence pattern of S-V-O. You also need to place the particle 了after a verb when using past tense, separating the verb and object with this particle. Only *certain* phrases can’t be separated and then you put the 了after the phrase.

**Self-Questioning:**

When using a time adverbial are you supposed to place it at the beginning of the sentence or before the verb?

In the phrase我很好 would 很be considered as the verb or is there no verb in this sentence?